



Attribution Modeling Increases Efficiency of Bidding in Display Advertising

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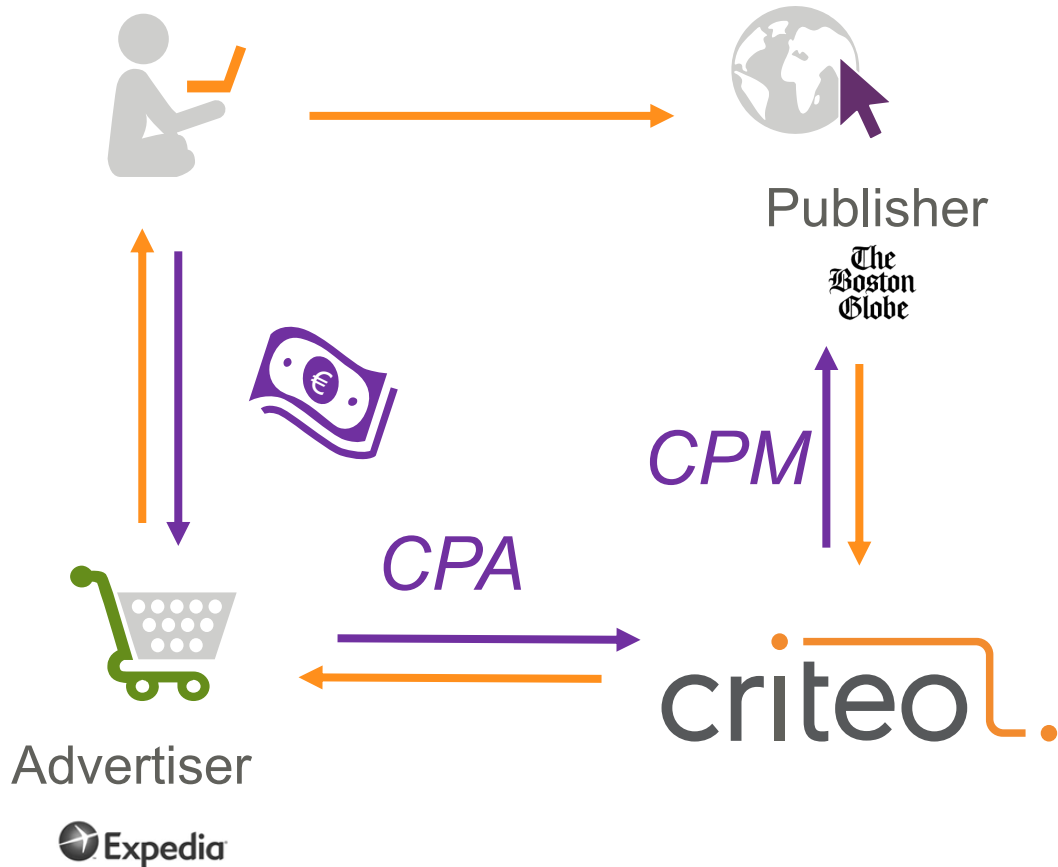
Outline

- The problem: bidding in display advertising
- Model:
 - Attribution model
 - Attribution aware bidder
- Impact on offline evaluation metrics
- Experience & results

Real-time bidding for display advertising



Performance Display Advertising



1. User visits a publisher webpage
2. Criteo receives real-time auction
3. Displays ad on behalf of advertiser
4. User converts on advertiser website (click / sale / lead)

Baseline Bidding Policy

- Under 2nd price auction hypothesis, dominant strategy is to bid expected value

$$bid^* = CPA \times pSale$$

« Value of a conversion »

« Probability of post-click attributed conversion »

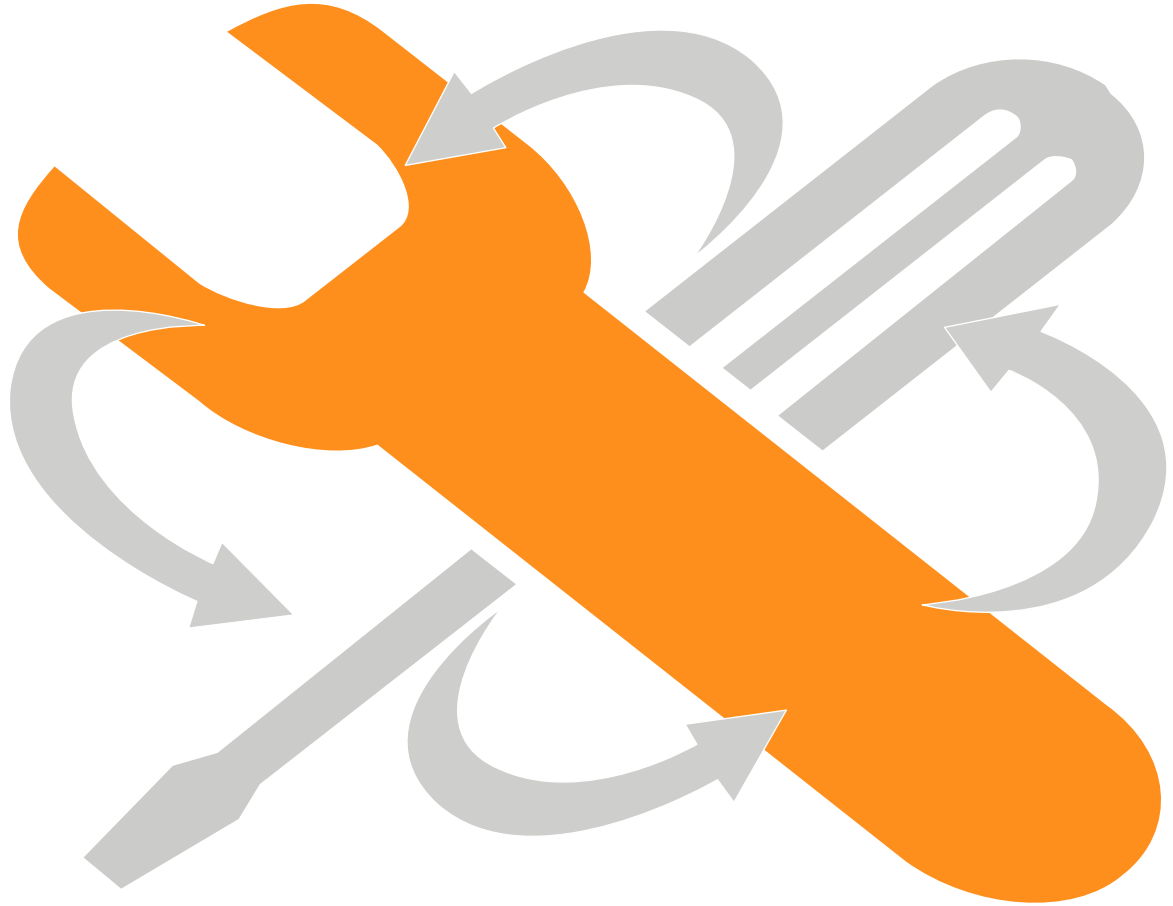
« Post-click attributed conversions »?



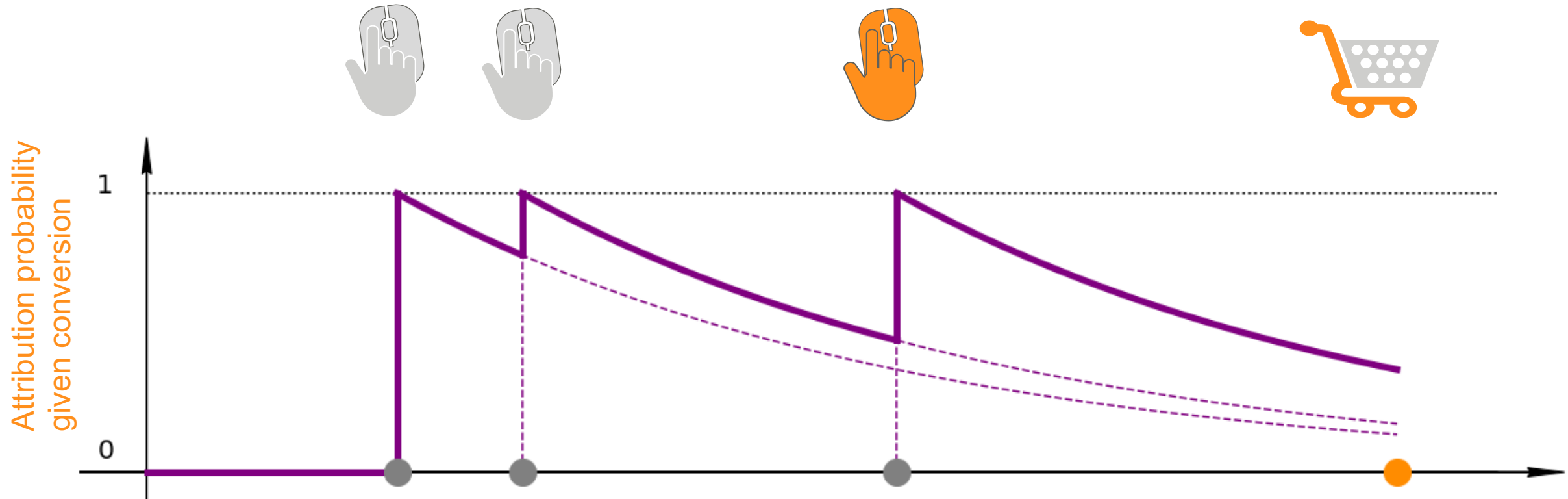
- *Last-click* is the de facto attribution model...
 - ... but advertisers are moving towards “better” attribution models:
 - Rule-based, uniform, linear, etc..
 - Data driven: regression, shapley value, etc..
- But what is the impact from a bidder’s perspective?
 - What is the optimal bidding strategy right after a click?

Attribution-aware bidder

PLACEHOLDER IMAGE



Attribution Probability Through Time Matters



Attribution Model

- How can we model probability of getting the attribution given there will be a conversion?

$$\Pr(A = 1 | S = 1, X = x, \Delta = \delta) = e^{-\lambda(x)\delta},$$
$$\lambda(x) \geq 0$$

- S : Post click conversion
- A : Attributed conversion
- X : Contextual features
- Δ : Delay click/conversion

Conversion Modeling

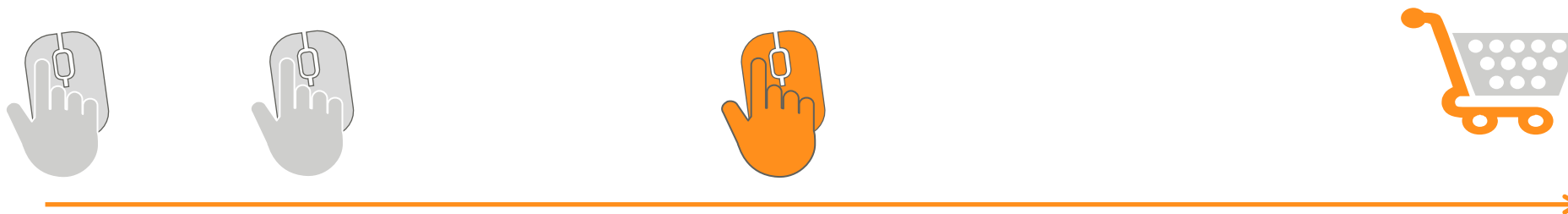
$$bid^* = CPA \times pSale$$

« Probability of post-click attributed conversion »

- Baseline solution:
 - 0/1 prediction problem \Rightarrow Logistic Regression
 - Large scale / latency constraint \Rightarrow Hashing trick

But what are positives / negatives?

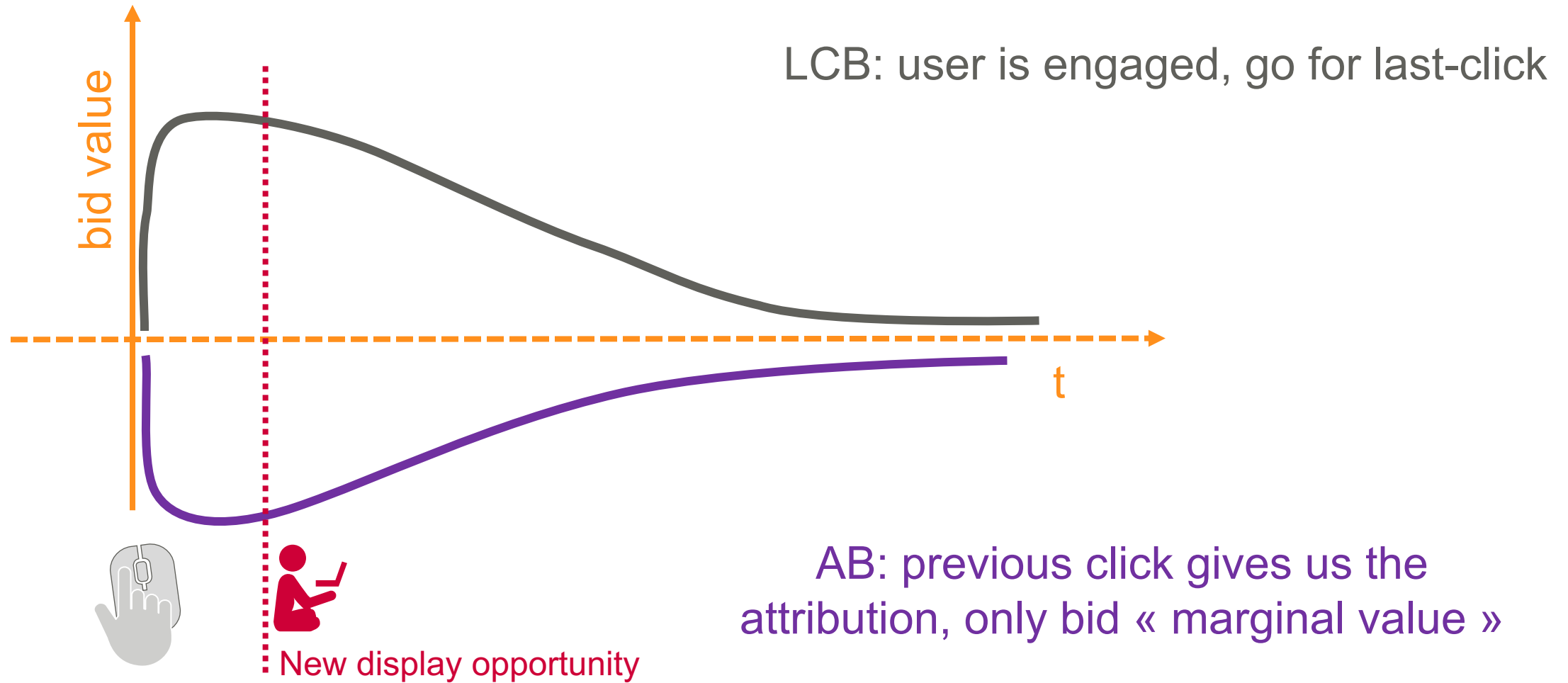
From Attribution Model to an Attribution Aware Bidder



A_{LC}	0	0	1
A_{UN}	1/3	1/3	1/3
A_{FC}	1	0	0
A_{ALL}	1	1	1
A_{AM}	0.6	0.1	0.3

Cast the problem as an internal attribution problem

Attribution Aware Bidder: An Intuitive View



Attribution Aware Bidder

- Baseline Last-click Bidder (LCB)

$$bid = CPA \times Pr(A_{LC} = 1 | X = x)$$

- Attribution-aware Bidder (AB):

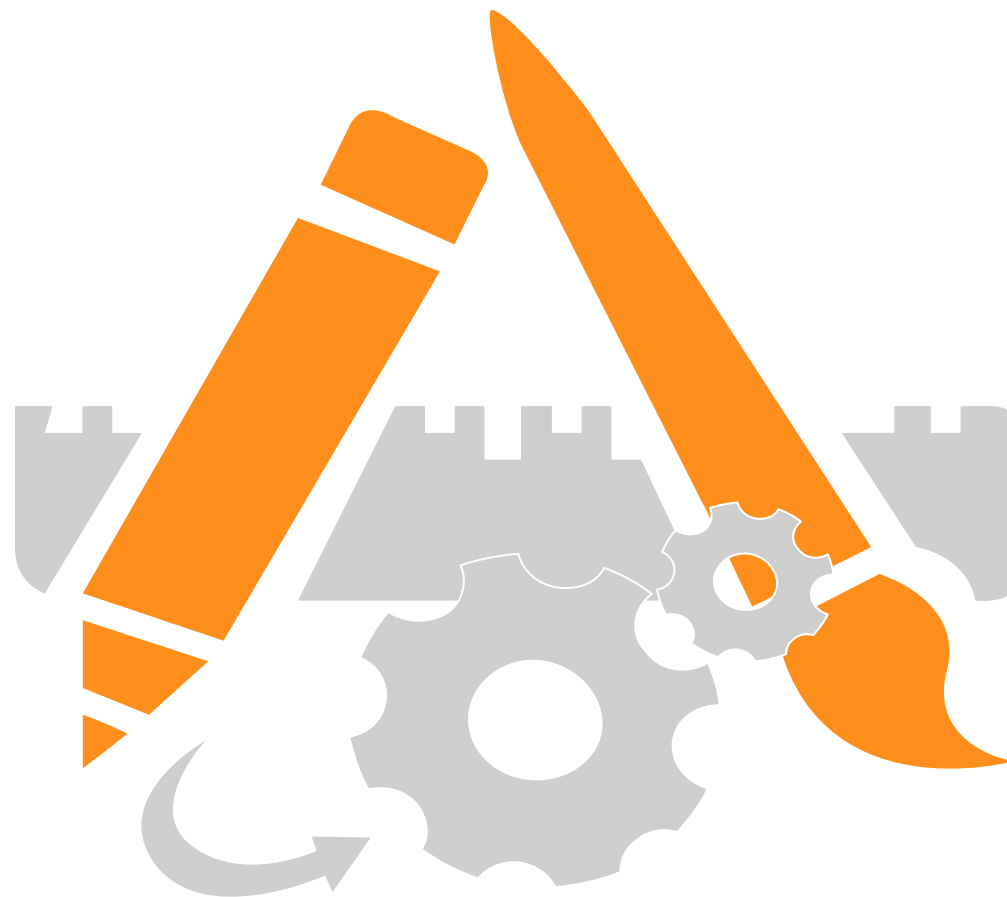
$$bid = CPA \times Pr(A_{ALL} = 1 | X = x) (1 - e^{-\lambda(x)\delta_c}),$$

δ_c : time elapsed since last click

Bid proportionally to the marginal contribution of the display

Impact on the offline evaluation metrics

PLACEHOLDER IMAGE

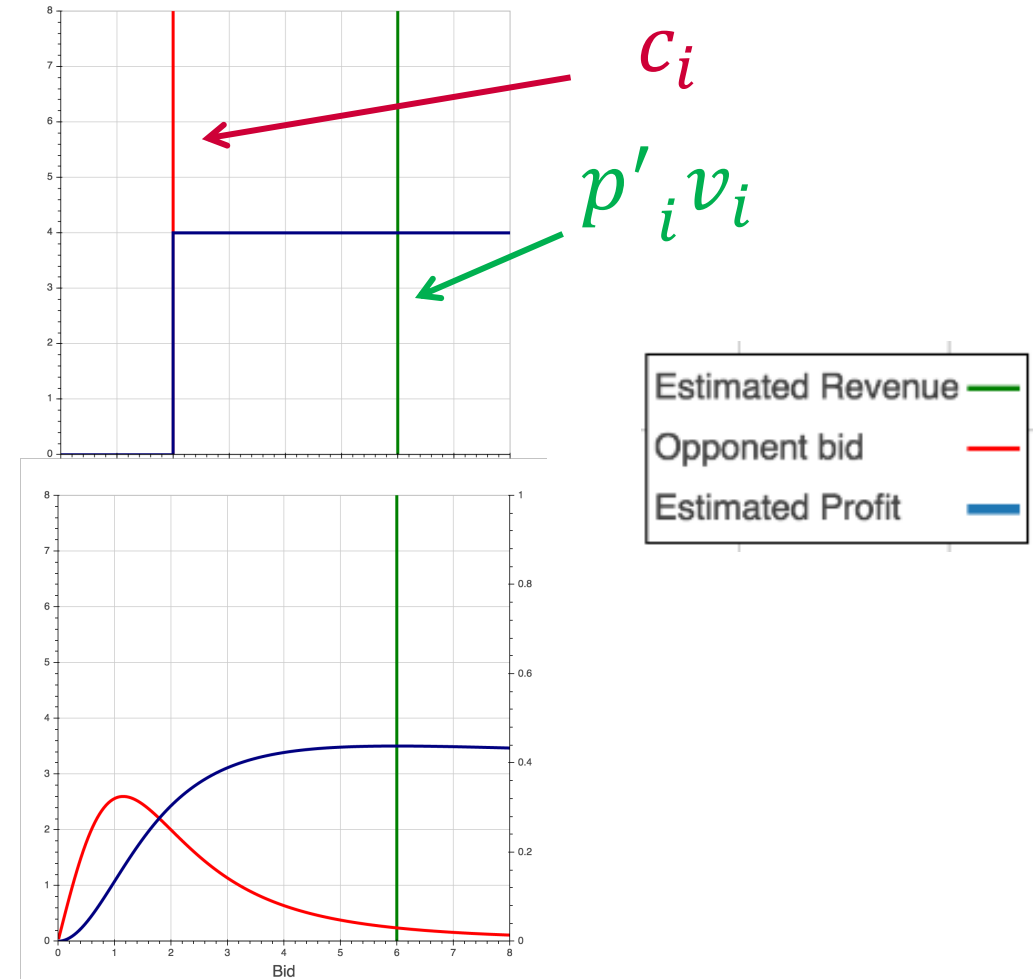


Offline Evaluation of Bidders

- *Utility* metric on logged feedbacks:


$$U(p') = \sum_{i \in D} (a_i v_i - c_i) \mathbb{I}(p'_i v_i > c_i)$$

- *Expected Utility*: add uncertainty on the cost distribution:
 $c \sim \Gamma(\alpha = \beta c_i + 1, \beta)$



Attribution Aware Expected Utility*

- Inject attribution function in the Utility:

$$AU(p', a) = \sum_{i \in D} (a(x_i)v_i - c_i) \mathbb{I}(p'_i v_i > c_i)$$


Internal attribution function:

- can be last-click, first click, etc..
- can be the proposed attribution model

* Evaluation of the proposed metric would require a proper offline / online correlation analysis

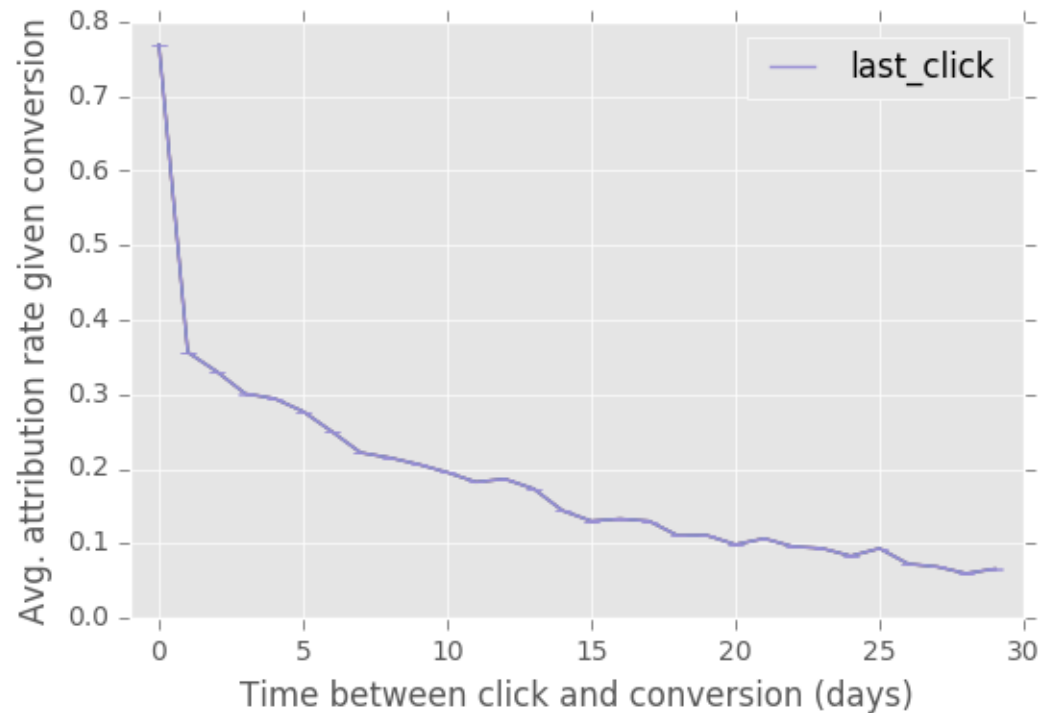
Experiments & Results

PLACEHOLDER IMAGE



Attribution Rates vs Time

Decay of attribution rate after a click



> 40% of conversions have more than one click in the preceding 30d

Offline Evaluation - Dataset

Log sampled from 30 days of Criteo traffic

- Anonymized
- Each line is an impression with:
 - *Timestamp*
 - *Price paid*
 - *Contextual features (user, advertiser, publisher)*
 - *Click*, click position*, click number**
 - *Conversion*, conversion value**
 - *Attribution label (conversion was attributed to Criteo)*
- 16M displays, 5M clicks, 800k conversions

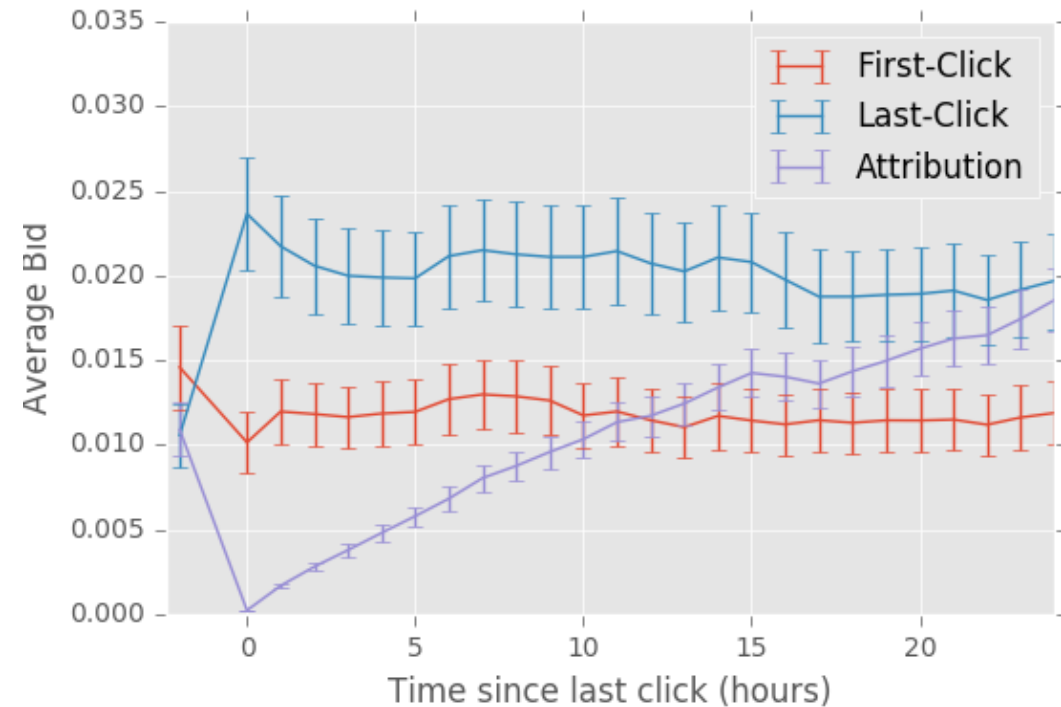
Will be available at <http://research.criteo.com/> soon

Offline Evaluation – Impact on Bid Profiles

Post-click bid profiles for 3 bidders:

- Last-Click Bidder (LCB)
- First-Click Bidder (FCB)
- Attribution Bidder (AB)

All models are learn using
regularized logistic regression
+ hashing trick



Offline Evaluation – Bidders Comparision

Results for 3 bidders on the Attribution Aware Expected Utility

	<i>LCB</i>	<i>FCB</i>	<i>AB</i>
Win Rate	0.94	0.90	0.89
$U_A^*, \beta = 1000$	2852 ± 43	2888 ± 43	3396 ± 53

- We limit user over exposure after a click
- We get closer to lift-based bidding
- We can reinvest budget on more profitable campaigns / more incremental ads

Online result

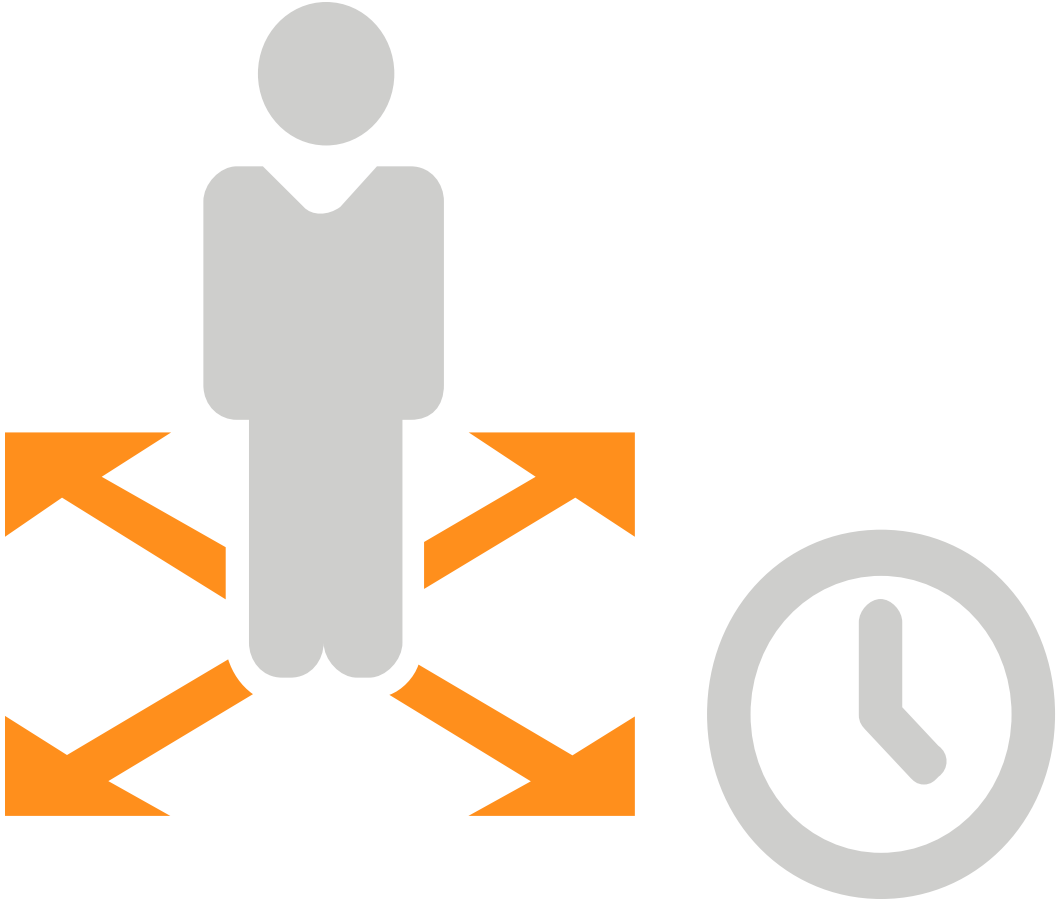
We tested online a **simple** modification of baseline through A/B testing:

$$bid_{test} = bid_{ref} \times A (1 - B e^{-\lambda \delta_c})$$

ΔOEC (long term)	Revenue (short term)	Advertiser ROI	User ad exposure
+5.5% world wide	negative	positive	lower

Future Research Directions

PLACEHOLDER IMAGE



Work in progress & Next steps

- **Better attribution modeling**
 - Exponential decay is naive: build a better model (e.g travel partners have different attribution schemes)
- **Model both conversion lift and attribution lift**
 - Delayed feedback in both cases
- **Derive a robust (counterfactual) offline metric**

Questions?

PLACEHOLDER IMAGE

